

Title Responses of 1-MCP application in plums stored under air and controlled atmospheres  
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### Abstract

The potential of 1-MCP for controlling ripening in 'Angeleno' plum fruit under air and controlled atmosphere (CA) storage was explored, and the possibility that 1-MCP can inhibit development of brown rot caused by *Monilinia laxa* and internal breakdown in 'Fortune' and 'Angeleno' plums tested. After harvest, fruit were exposed to 300 and 500  $\text{nl l}^{-1}$  (in 2003) and 500  $\text{nl l}^{-1}$  1-MCP (in 2004) at low temperatures (0–3 °C) for 24 h. After treatment the plums were stored in air at 0 °C and 'Angeleno' fruit were also stored in CA storage (1.8% O<sub>2</sub> + 2.5% CO<sub>2</sub>). Following storage, fruit were kept at 20 °C. In 'Angeleno' fruit, 1-MCP was effective in delaying the loss of firmness and colour changes during holding at 20 °C. 1-MCP reduced brown rot in fruit stored in CA but no significant reduction was found in air storage. Internal breakdown, a major physiological storage disorder in plums, was inhibited by 1-MCP treatment. Furthermore, since 1-MCP applied in air storage showed better results than the control in CA conditions, an application of 1-MCP before air storage could be the best way to reduce the ripening process for short or medium storage periods (40 and 60 days). CA storage plus 1-MCP treatment could be used for long periods (80 days).