Title Biological and integrated control of postharvest blue mold (*Penicillium expansum*) of apples by

Pseudomonas syringae and cyprodinil

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Abstract

In an attempt to develop fungicide (thiabendazole)-resistance management strategies, experiments were carried out to determine if the control of blue mold (*Penicillium expansum*) in 'Empire' and 'McIntosh' apples could be achieved by a biocontrol agent, *Pseudomonas syringae* and enhanced by integrating a biocontrol agent and a reducedrisk fungicide, cyprodinil, in a cold storage, and in a subsequent shelf-life study. The *Ps. syringae* at a concentration of 1.4×10^8 CFU ml⁻¹, or cyprodinil at a concentration of $20 \,\mu\text{g ml}^{-1}$ were effective against blue mold caused by thiabendazole (fungicide)-sensitive and -resistant *P. expansum* in cold storage for 30 days and in the subsequent shelf-life study at $20 \,^{\circ}$ C for 6 days in Empire' and 'McIntosh' apples. Cyprodinil was effective in both the co-treatment, where fungicide or biocontrol agent and pathogen inoculum were applied together, and the post-inoculation treatment, where fungicide or biocontrol agent applied $20 \,^{\circ}$ h after inoculation. *Ps. syringae* was more effective as a co-treatment than as a post-inoculation treatment. All of the eight combinations, two concentrations of the biocontrol agent $(3.0 \times 10^7 \,^{\circ}$ and $6.0 \times 10^7 \,^{\circ}$ CFU ml⁻¹) and four concentrations of the fungicide (5, 10, 20, and $40 \,\mu\text{g ml}^{-1}$) were more effective than either the *Ps. syringae* or cyprodinil alone on blue mold caused by the isolates of *P. expansum* collected from Ontario. Integrated control was efficient in controlling blue mold of apple and could be considered for disease control strategies to manage thiabendazole-resistant *P. expansum* and also for reducing fungicide residues on fruit.